



VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Thursday Morning, June 15.

THE WHO BANNER.

HENRY CLAY AND AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

The Baltimore American, with its characteristic clearness and good sense, points out the absurdities fully advanced by the ultra "Free Trade" advocates. It shows how incessantly the organs of the party trade their pipes against mere names, and it adds truly, that they are clamorous for the "Free Trade" men say you must discriminate against protection—the Northern democracy say you must confine the duties to mere revenue purposes, but you may afford incidental protection—and still another class contend that you must have a horizontal rate, that is an equal amount of duty well contented with it as they agree among themselves, we hope the great body of the people will have been found, in the language of Gen. Jackson, "somewhat Americanized," and ready to return to the doctrines of common sense and the lights of experience. But to the article from the American.

PROTECTIVE AND REVENUE DUTIES.

It is known that by the present Tariff an increased duty is laid on imported sugar. The Northern States are very well contented with it as they are bound to support a Protective Tariff, and this duty on sugar is simply a revenue duty, and nothing more. Now the Whigs of Louisiana are very well contented with it as they are bound to support a Protective Tariff, and this duty on sugar is simply a revenue duty, and nothing more. Now the Whigs of Louisiana are very well contented with it as they are bound to support a Protective Tariff, and this duty on sugar is simply a revenue duty, and nothing more.

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Monday the 5th of June was a great day with the Temperance folks. There was a procession of the various societies, amounting to at least 1500 persons, with appropriate banners, devices, &c.; and the whole assembling in the Court House square could not have been less than 5000 persons. The ladies alone occupied benches intended to accommodate 2500. An address of great power and eloquence was delivered by Mr. Lewis of Philadelphia—a gentleman who combines in his person and appearance all the praiseworthy qualities which give effect to oratory. He spoke again in the evening to a crowded audience, and on Wednesday and Thursday evenings—and on each occasion afforded high gratification.

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THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT.

On the same day the military preparations for the Encampment began to develop themselves. Two of the town companies, the Blues, Capt. Small, and the Mohawks, Capt. Schley, pitched their tents on the old Revolutionary Camp Ground, a beautiful spot—and towards evening Maj. Ringgold's Flying Artillery arrived, elegantly mounted, bringing with them four splendid companies. Fourteen companies had been reported, and twelve of them were in camp on Tuesday evening. The rain on Monday rendered the air delightfully bracing, and laid the dust effectually, so that better weather could not have been desired at any season.

THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT.

Much dissatisfaction is evinced with the Baltimore Patriot for their want of courtesy in failing to attend. Not a single company was present from the Monumental City, but their neighbors on Patuxent were not so remiss. A very neat and well-dressed company from Elliot's Mills, called the Patuxent Guards, attended on Wednesday. The Baltimore Patriot, however, was not so kind as to take notice of the companies from the Monumental City, but their neighbors on Patuxent were not so remiss. A very neat and well-dressed company from Elliot's Mills, called the Patuxent Guards, attended on Wednesday.

THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT.

Col. James M. Coyle, of Frederick, acting Brigadier General and Commander-in-Chief. Col. Charles Carroll, of Howard District, Adjutant General. Col. Wm. Robinson, of Hagerstown, Adjutant and Commander-in-Chief. Major E. Schley, Quarter Master General. Col. J. B. Geyer, of Camp Surgeons. Maj. Samuel Ringgold, U. S. Army, commander of the 1st Battalion of Volunteer Infantry. Col. Samuel Carmack, commander of the 2nd Battalion of Volunteer Infantry. Col. Charles Magill, commander of the 2nd Battalion of Volunteer Infantry. Col. J. B. Geyer, of Camp Surgeons. Maj. Samuel Ringgold, U. S. Army, commander of the 1st Battalion of Volunteer Infantry.

THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT.

Thursday was the great day, and not less than twenty thousand people were present at the Review. It is useless to attempt a minute description of the scene, as much must be left for the imagination. At 3 o'clock, Maj. Ringgold's Flying Artillery entered the field, followed by Capt. Hollingsworth's and Capt. Harris's Cavalry, and by two battalions of infantry in their showy uniforms; the field officers at proper intervals; and the whole making a splendid display. The march of the entire column twice round the spacious field gave the lookers-on a fair view of the pageant, and the brighter part of the "pomp, pride and circumstance of glorious war." The heat towards evening became oppressive, but it took long to satisfy the curiosity of the assembled multitude. The line was reviewed on that day by Brig. Gen. Stuart, of Baltimore, and his aids, and on Friday by General Williams of Hagerstown, and his suite.

THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT.

Col. James M. Coyle, the Commander-in-Chief, and the whole corps of officers and men, acquitted themselves handsomely and satisfactorily. The Flying Artillery. The great attraction of the Encampment and the Field, "the observed of all observers" was the company of U. S. Flying Artillery, from Fort Mifflin, commanded by Maj. Samuel Ringgold, aided by his accomplished



